

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati

National Education Policy -2020 (NEP)

Syllabus For Academic year -2024-2025

Faculty: Humanities

Three Years Six Semester Bachelor's Degree Programme

Board Of Study - Sociology

Programme: B.A. (Sociology)

Syllabus: Part I - SEM - I

Generic Open Elective

GOE - I

Political Sociology

Level	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	Credits	Teaching Hours	Exam Duration	Marx. Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks
4.5	1		Political Sociology	2	30	2 Hrs.	30	20	50

Course Objective

- 1) To understand the nature of Political Sociology
- To enable students to identify the function of Political Sociology
- 3) To know the factors of public opinion.

Course Outcomes

- 1) This paper is expected to instill knowledge about the fundamental political sociology
- 2) To know Governing principles of Political Sociology

Unit I	Introduction to Political Sociology a) Meaning and Definition of Political Sociology b) Distinctive Approach of Political Sociology c) Interrelationship between Political System and Society d) Subject Matter of Political Sociology	7
Unit II	Basic Concepts in Political Sociology a) Power b) Bureaucracy : Definition, Characteristics, c) Political Culture : Meaning, Significance, d) Political Socialization, Meaning, Significance, Agencies of Political Socialization	8
Unit III	Public Opinion a) Definition of Public Opinion b) Agencies of Mass Media	8

	c) Role of Mass Media in the Formation of Public Opinion d) Agencies of Public Opinion	
Unit IV	Political Process in India a) Role of Caste and Religion b) Regionalism c) Linguism (Linguistic Regionalism) d) Role of the Election Commission	7

Internal / Practical (20)

Survey/ Interview / field visit / MCQ / Seminar / Workshop / Group discuss / Assignment / Viva-Voce

Essential Readings - Political Sociology

1. Political Sociology. **R. E. Dowse & John A. Hughes** (1971). *Political Sociology*. New York: Basic Books.
2. Foundations of Political Sociology. **Irving Louis Horowitz** (1972). *Foundations of Political Sociology*. New York: Harper & Row.
3. Social Science and Political Theory. **W. G. Runciman** (1965). *Social Science and Political Theory*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
4. Political Sociology. **S. N. Eisenstaedt (Ed.)** (1971). *Political Sociology*. New York: Basic Books.
5. The Politics of Mass Society. **William Kornhauser** (1971). *The Politics of Mass Society*. Harmonds worth: Penguin Books.
6. Politics in India. **William Kornhauser** (1979). *Politics in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
7. Reader in Bureaucracy. **Robert K. Merton (Ed.)** (1952). *Reader in Bureaucracy*. Glencoe: The Free Press.
8. Politics, Parties and Pressure Groups. **V. O. Key Jr.** (1964). *Politics, Parties and Pressure Groups*. New York: Crowell.
9. Essays in Sociology. **Hans H. Gerth & C. Wright Mills (Eds.)** (1946). *From Max Weber: Essays in Sociology*. New York: Oxford University Press.
10. Political Order in Changing Societies. **Samuel P. Huntington** (1969). *Political Order in Changing Societies*. New Haven: Yale University Press.
11. Crises, Choices, and Change: Historical Studies of Political Development. **Gabriel A. Almond et al.** (1973). *Crises, Choices, and Change: Historical Studies of Political Development*. Boston.
12. Bureaucracy in Modern Society. **Peter M. Blau** (1956). *Bureaucracy in Modern Society*. New York: Random House.
13. Political Man. **S. M. Lipset** (1959). *Political Man*. London: Heinemann Educational Books.

14. An Introduction to Positive Political Theory. **William H. Riker et al.** (1973). *An Introduction to Positive Political Theory*. Englewood Cliffs.
15. Political Parties. **Robert Michels** (1949). *Political Parties*. Glencoe: The Free Press.
16. Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism. **Benedict Anderson** (1983). *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism*. London: Verso.
17. Political Sociology. **Dipti Kumar Biswas** (1989). *Political Sociology*. Calcutta: Firma KLM Pvt. Ltd.
18. Caste in Indian Politics. **Rajni Kothari (Ed.)** (1973). *Caste in Indian Politics*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
19. Political Power and Social Theory. **Barrington Moore Jr.** (1958). *Political Power and Social Theory*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.
20. Power, Protest and Participation: Local Elites and the Politics of Development in India. **Subrata K. Mitra** (1992). *Power, Protest and Participation: Local Elites and the Politics of Development in India*. London: Routledge.
21. Government and Politics in India. **W. H. Morris-Jones** (1982). *Government and Politics in India*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
22. Textbook of Political Sociology. **R. T. Jangam** (1980). *Textbook of Political Sociology*. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH Publishing Company.
23. Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences. *Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences*.
24. प्रा. डॉ. बी.एच. किर्दक, डॉ. दया पांडे, राजकीय समाजशास्त्र, प्रशांत पब्लिकेशन जळगाव

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Board Of Study - Sociology

Programme: B.A. (Sociology)

Syllabus : Part I - SEM - I

Generic Open Elective

GOE - II

Social Counseling

Level	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	Credits	Teaching Hours	Exam Duration	Marx. Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks
4.5	1		Social Counseling	2	30	2 Hrs.	30	20	50

Objectives :

- 1) This paper is designed to train students in social counseling
- 2) Students will learn basic skills of counseling and will get insight of different roles in counseling
- 3) Moreover, students will get professional knowledge and skill of social counseling.

Course Outcomes:

- 1) This course will be playing very vital roles in the different field of counseling.
- 2) To introduce basic social counseling skill
- 3) This course consists of important and primary method of counseling.

Unit I	Nature of Social Counseling a) Social Counseling, Meaning and Definition b) Goals of Social Counseling. c) Professional & Ethical Importance of social Counseling d) Approaches of Social Counseling	7
Unit II	Scope & Need Social Counseling. a) Personality Development : Meaning and elements of Personality Development b) Family Counseling : Domestic Violence, Old Age. c) Pre-marring Counseling. d) Communication Skills : Meaning and significance in day today life.	8
Unit III	Field Work Methods of Social Counseling. a) Case Study Method : Meaning, Principles & Process.	7

	b) Group Work Method : Meaning Principles and Process c) Community Work Method : Meaning Principles & process	
Unit IV	Practical Work of Social Counseling. a) Counseling of Addicted People b) Counseling of Farmers c) Counseling of Women. d) Counseling for Superstition.	8

Internal / Practical (20)

Survey/ Interview / field visit / MCQ / Seminar / Workshop / Group discuss / Assignment / Viva-Voce

References

1. Khanna H.R. The Judicial System, New Delhi II P.A.
2. Namita Ranganathan Toolika Wadhwa Guidance and Counseling for children adolescents
3. Mathew Grace, An Introduction to Social Case Work TISS Bombay

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Syllabus: Part I - SEM - II

Generic Open Elective

GOE - III

Transformation in Social Institutions

Level	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	Credits	Teaching Hours	Exam Duration	Marx. Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks
4.5	II		Transformation in Social Institutions	2	30	2 Hrs.	30	20	50

Course Objective

- 1) To enable students to identify the function of a given social institutions.
- 2) To identify institutional structures within societies
- 3) To know the rules governing these institutions.

Course Outcomes

- 1) This paper is expected to instill knowledge about the fundamental institutions in society.
- 2) To know Governing principles of Social Institutions and their continuity and changing features of these institutions.
- 3) The students learn how to read and interpret complex ideas and texts and to present them in a cogent manner.

Unit I	Marriage institution:- a) Recent changes in marriage institution, contract marriage. Live in relationship, Gay - Lesbian marriage. b) Relevance of widow Remarriage. c) Issues of marriage institution - changes in Wedding rituals increasing age of marriage.	7
Unit II	Family Institutions: a) New forms of family; single parent family, Blended family (step family) childless family b) New Reproductive technology and family: Test tube baby, Surrogate mother. c) Disintegration of family: Meaning of causes.	8
Unit III	Economical Institution. a) Changes in agriculture economy, Contract Farming, Agro-based business,	8

	Sustainable Development. a) Change in planning commission : NITI AAYOG c) Mixed economy, New Liberal economy.	
Unit IV	Political institution a) meaning and definition of polity b) characteristics of Political institution c) Recent changes in Political institution	7

Internal / Practical (20)

Survey/ Interview / field visit / MCQ / Seminar / Workshop / Group discuss / Assignment / Viva-Voce

Essential Readings - Political Sociology

1. काचोळे दा.धो., सामाजिक संस्था, कैलास पब्लीकेशन, औरंगाबाद 1998
2. राजवाडे _व. का., भारतीय विवाह संस्थेचा इतिहास , लोकमान्य सभागृह, मुंबई 2005
3. प्रा. डॉ. बी.एच. किर्दक, डॉ. दया पांडे - सामाजिक संस्था, जळगाव प्रशांत पुब्लिकेशन

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Generic Open Elective

GOE - IV

Rural Development

Level	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	Credits	Teaching Hours	Exam Duration	Marx. Marks	Internal Marks	Total Marks
4.5	II		Rural Development	2	30	2 Hrs.	30	20	50

Course objectives

- 1) To understand the nature of Indian village and rural development.
- 2) To familiarize students with community development and local self Government.

Course outcomes:

- 1) The students learn the History of Indian Village.
- 2) The Students Learn to Importance of Self Governance in Rural Society.

Unit I	Indian village: Nature and Background a) Rural community, meaning and nature b) History of Indian village. c) Type of villages. d) Characteristics of Indian village.	7
Unit II	Rural Development a) Meaning of Rural development, objectives of rural Development. b) Scope of rural development c) Rural development schemes. d) Limitations in rural development.	8
Unit III	Community Development. a) Meaning of community Development. b) Object of Community Development. c) Community Development and Rural Reconstruction: i) Objectives of rural reconstruction ii) Demerits of rural reconstruction	7
Unit IV	Local Self Governance a) Meaning of Local Self Government, Characteristics of Local Self Government. v) Importance of Local Self Government. c) Limitations of Local Self Government. d) Five Years Plans in India & Community Development	8

Internal / Practical (20)

Survey/ Interview / field visit / MCQ / Seminar / Workshop / Group discuss / Assignment / Viva-Voce

References -

1. जोशी, व्ही. के. (2019). भारतीय ग्रामीण समाजशास्त्र. नागपूर: पिंपळापुरे अँड कंपनी पब्लिशर्स.
2. शिंदे, बी. एस. (2020). ग्रामीण विकास आणि पंचायतराज. औरंगाबाद: कैलास पब्लिकेशन.
3. जगताप, पी. डी. (2017). ग्रामीणविकास: तत्त्वे आणि व्यवहार. औरंगाबाद: कैलास पब्लिकेशन.
4. मोरे, आर. जी. (2021). ग्रामीण परिवर्तन आणि विकास. औरंगाबाद: कैलास पब्लिकेशन.
5. यादव, वी. एस. (2018). ग्रामीण विकास समाजशास्त्र. नई दिल्ली: ओरिएंट पब्लिशिंग.
6. मिश्रा, जे. पी. (2017). ग्रामीण समाज एवं विकास. इलाहाबाद: किताब महल.
7. महेश्वरी, एस. आर. (2016). भारत में स्थानीय शासन. नई दिल्ली: लक्ष्मी नारायण अग्रवाल.
8. Srinivas, M. N. (1995). Social Change in Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
9. Chambers, Robert. (1983). Rural Development: Putting the Last First. Harlow, England: Longman.
10. Desai, A. R.. (1977). Rural India in Transition. Mumbai: Popular Prakashan.